# HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY

NAAC A (3.02) State University

PATAN- 384265

**Faculty of Science** 

B. Sc.

# FOUNDATION COMPULSORY

# **ENGLISH**

Syllabus/ scheme

Semester – 6

# **PROGRAM CODE : HNGU1008**





3700

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

# **BACHALOR OF SCIENCE PROGRAMME**

**SEMSTER-VI** 

# FC 603

Q.1-(A) One long question with an internal option (from unit –I) (8
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Q.1-(B) Attempt five short questions out of eight (from unit-I) (10)

Q.2- Attempt five questions from each grammatical topic of unit II.	
(Ten out of twelve)	(10)

Q.3	С	V	W	riting
			(7)	



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# **B Sc Semester VI**

Course Level Learning Outcomes:

To encourage students to learn and appreciate language through literature To encourage and develop reading habits in Under Graduate Students.

To introduce Under Graduate students to important themes and issues To enable students to learn basic grammar through the practice of prescribed topics

To enable students to write Curriculum Vitae

Course Content Unit 1 Lesson 6 to 10

Catalyst - Frank Bros. & Co.

Unit 2 Grammar Identify Parts of Speech Change the gender

Unit 3 Composition C V Writing

<u>Recommended Reading</u> High School English Grammar- Wren and Martin Contemporary English Grammar- David Green



# HEMCHANDRACHARYA NORTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY

NAAC A (3.02) State University

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**Faculty of Science** 

# **B. Sc. Microbiology**

Syllabus/ scheme

**Sem.** – 6



Sem./CBCS/Grading pattern

w. e. f. June-2020



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1		B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN) - Proposed curriculum
		Some Proposed curriculum
		Semester-6
TOTA	LH	HOURS, CO
Unit 1		(THEORY)
	Α.	Genome organization: E. coli, Saccharomyces, Tetrahymena No. of Hours: 20 Mutations and
• •		No. of Hours: 20
	Β.	Mutations and mutagenesis: Definition and types of Mutations; Physical and chemical mutagens; Molecular basis of mutations; Functional mutants (loss and gain of function mutants); Uses of mutations Reversion and
		basis of mutationer E
		basis of mutations; Functional mutants (loss and gain of function mutants); Uses of mutations Reversion and suppression: True revertants; Intra- and inter-genic suppression; Ames test: Mutator genes
Unit 2		suppression: True revertants; Intra- and inter-genic suppression; Ames test; Mutator genes
	A.	
	8	Plasmids Types of plasmids – F plasmid, R Plasmids, colicinogenic plasmids, Ti plasmids, linear plasmids, Host range, Plasmid- incompatibility, plasmid amplification, Regulation of convergence of plasmids
	B.	Host range, Plasmids – F plasmid, R Plasmids, colicinogenic plasmids, Ti plasmids, linear plasmids, Mechanisms of Genetic Exchange
		Transformation Discourse la
		Transformation - Discovery, mechanism of natural competence Conjugation -Discovery, mechanism, Hfr and F' strains Interrupted methanism to have been been been been been been been be
		F' strains, Interrupted mating technique and time of entry mapping Transduction - Generalized transduction,
Init 3		specialized transduction, LFT & HFT lysates, Mapping by recombination and co-transduction of markers No. of Hours: 20
	4	Phage Genetics Features of T4 genetics, Genetic basis of lytic versus lysogenic switch of phage lambda
		Transposable elements
	υ.	Prokaryotic transposable elements – Insertion Sequences, composite and non-composite transposons,
		Replicative and Non replicative transposition, Mu transposon Eukaryotic transposable elements - Yeast (Ty
		retrotransposon), Drosophila (P elements), Maize (Ac/Ds) Uses of transposons and transposition.
		retrotransposon), Drosophina (r clements), Wallo (red bi) - obe of theme of the posterior
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	~~~	TO DIA DIAIC
UGGE	STI	ED READING Klug WS, Cummings MR, Spencer, C, Palladino, M (2011). Concepts of Genetics, 10th Ed., Benjamin
1		
		Cummings Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, 3rd Ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning
2	. ]	Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, rid Ed., Jointo Line Lucation Learning Pierce BA (2011) Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 4th Ed., Macmillan Higher Education Learning
3	. ]	Pierce BA (2011) Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 4th Ed., Waching and Education Lucation Cummings Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP et al. (2008) Molecular Biology of the Gene, 6th Ed., Benjamin Cummings
4	1	Watson ID Baker TA, Bell SP et al. (2008) Molecular biology of the Gene, out Ed., Detalante of the

- Gardner EJ, Simmons MJ, Snustad DP (2008). Principles of Genetics. 8th Ed. Wiley-India
- Russell PJ. (2009). i Genetics- A Molecular Approach. 3rd Ed, Benjamin Cummings 5.
- 6. Sambrook J and Russell DW. (2001). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. 4" Edition, Cold Spring 7. Harbour Laboratory press.
- Maloy SR, Cronan JE and Friefelder D(2004) Microbial Genetics 2nd EDITION., Jones and Barlett Publishers 8.



I/c. Registrar Hemchandracharya North Gujarat University PATAN

# B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN) - Proposed curriculum

# Semester-6

### MB-602: INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY (THEORY)

# TOTAL HOURS: 60

CREDITS: 3

# Unit 1

Α.

# No. of Hours: 20

- Introduction to industrial microbiology : Brief history and Chronological developments in industrial microbiology, Ranges of Fermentation products.
- B. Isolation of industrially important microbial strains and fermentation media
- C. Sources of industrially important microbes and methods for their isolation, preservation and maintenance of industrial strains, strain improvement, Crude and synthetic media; molasses, corn-steep liquor, sulphite waste liquor, whey, yeast extract and protein hydrolysates

# Unit 2

- A. Types of fermentation processes, bio-reactors and measurement of fermentation parameters No. of Hours: 20 Types of fermentation processes - Solid-state and liquid-state (stationary and submerged) fermentations; batch, fed-batch (eg. baker's yeast) and continuous fermentations Components of a typical bio-reactor, Types of bioreactors-Laboratory, pilot- scale and production fermenters, constantly stirred tank and air-lift fermenters, Measurement and control of fermentation parameters - pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, foaming and aeration
- Down-stream processing No. of Hours: 6 В. Cell disruption, filtration, centrifugation, solvent extraction, precipitation, lyophilization and spray drying

### Unit 3

- Microbial production of industrial products (micro-organisms involved, media, fermentation conditions, A. ' downstream processing and uses)
- Citric acid, Ethanol, penicillin, Glutamic acid, Vitamin B12, Amylase, Beer B. Enzyme immobilization Methods of immobilization, advantages and applications of immobilization, large scale applications of immobilized enzymes (glucose isomerase and penicillin acylase)

# SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Patel A.H. (1996). Industrial Microbiology. 1st edition, Macmillan India Limited
- 2. Okafor N. (2007). Modern Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology. 1st edition. Bios Scientific Publishers Limited. USA
- 3. Waites M.J., Morgan N.L., Rockey J.S. and Higton G. (2001). Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction. 1st edition. Wiley - Blackwell
- 4. Glaze A.N. and Nikaido H. (1995). Microbial Biotechnology: Fundamentals of Applied Microbiology. 1st edition. W.H. Freeman and Company
- 5. Casida LE. (1991). Industrial Microbiology. 1st edition. Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 6. Crueger W and Crueger A. (2000). Biotechnology: A textbook of Industrial Microbiology. 2nd edition. Panima Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- 7. Stanbury PF, Whitaker A and Hall SJ. (2006). Principles of Fermentation Technology. 2nd edition, Elsevier Science Ltd.



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# B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN) ~ Proposed curriculum

# Semester-6

# TOTAL HOURS: 60

# MB-603: MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY (THEORY)

# Unit 1.

### **CREDITS: 3**

No. of Hours: 20

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Normal microflora of the human body and host pathogen interaction

Normal microflora of the human body: Importance of normal microflora, normal microflora of skin, throat, gastrointestinal tract, urogenital tract Host pathogen interaction: Definitions - Infection, Invasion, Pathogen, Pathogenicity, Virulence, Toxigenicity, Carriers and their types,

Opportunistic infections, Nosocomial infections, Transmission of infection, Pathophysiologic effects of LPS Sample collection, transport and diagnosis Collection, transport and culturing of clinical samples, principles of different diagnostic tests (ELISA,

Immunofluorescence, Agglutination based tests, Complement fixation, PCR, DNA probes).

# Unit 2.

No. of Hours:20

A. Bacterial diseases

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents. The following diseases in detail with Symptoms; mode of transmission, prophylaxis and control Respiratory Diseases: Streptococcus pyogenes, Haemophilus influenzae, Mycobacterium tuberculosis Gastrointestinal Diseases: Escherichia coli, Salmonella typhi, Vibrio cholerae, Helicobacter pylort Others: Staphylococcus aureus, Bacillus anthracis, Clostridium tetani, Treponema pallidum, Clostridium difficie

#### В. Viral diseases

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents. The following diseases in detail with Symptoms, mode of transmission, prophylaxis and control Polio, Herpes, Hepatitis, Rabies, Dengue, AIDS, Influenza with brief description of swine flu, Ebola, Chikungunya, Japanese Encephalitis

# C. Protozoan diseases

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents. The following diseases in detail with Symptoms, mode of transmission, prophylaxis and control Malaria, Kala-azar

Unit 3:

No. of Hours:20

# A. Fungal diseases

Brief description of each of the following types of mycoses and one representative disease to be studied with respect to transmission, symptoms and prevention Cutaneous mycoses: Tinea pedis (Athlete's foot) Systemic mycoses: Histoplasmosis Opportunistic mycoses: Candidiasis

# B. Antimicrobial agents: General characteristics and mode of action

Antibacterial agents: Five modes of action with one example each: Inhibitor of nucleic acid synthesis; Inhibitor of cell wall synthesis; Inhibitor of cell membrane function; Inhibitor of protein synthesis; Inhibitor of metabolism Antifungal agents: Mechanism of action of Amphotericin B, Griscofulvin Antiviral agents: Mechanism of action of Amantadine. Acyclovir, Azidothymidine Antibiotic resistance, MDR, XDR, MRSA, NDM-1

# SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J. (2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8th edition, University Press Publication
- 2. Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's . Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication
- 3. Goering R., Dockrell H., Zuckerman M. and Wakelin D. (2007) Mims' Medical Microbiology. 4th edition. Elsevier
- 4. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education I/c. Registra
- 5. Madigan MT, Martinko JM, Dunlap PV and Clark DP. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms Pearson International Edition North Gujarat Universi

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- Proposed curriculum

B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN)

# Semester-6 MB-604: RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

(THEORY)

**CREDITS: 3** 

### **TOTAL HOURS: 60**

# No. of Hours: 20

Unit 1

Unit 2

A. Introduction to Genetic Engineering : Milestones in genetic engineering and biotechnology Cloning Tools; Restriction modification systems: Types I, II and III. Mode of action, nomenclature, applications of Type II restriction enzymes in genetic engineering DNA modifying enzymes and their applications: DNA polymerases. Terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase, kinases and phosphatases, and DNA ligases Cloning Vectors: Definition and Properties Plasmid vectors: DPD and allo

Plasmid vectors: pBR and pUC series Bacteriophage lambda and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, YACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuation and M13 based vectors Cosmids, BACs, VACs Use of linkers and Adaptors Eventuating adaptors linkers and adaptors Expression vectors: *E. coli* lac and T7 promoter-based vectors, yeast YIp, YEp and YCp vectors, · Baculovirus based vectors, mammalian SV40-based expression vectors

No. of Hours: 20

A. Methods in Molecular Cloning

- Transformation of DNA: Chemical method, Electroporation, Gene delivery: Microinjection, electroporation, biolistic method (gene gun), liposome and viral-mediated delivery, Agrobacterium - mediated delivery DNA, RNA and Protein analysis: Agarose gel electrophoresis, Southern - and Northern - blotting techniques, dot blot, DNA microarray analysis, SDS-PAGE and Western blotting.
- B. DNA Amplification and DNA sequencing PCR: Basics of PCR, Sanger's method of DNA Sequencing: traditional and automated sequencing Primer walking and shotgun sequencing

No. of Hours: 20

### Unit 3

A. Construction and Screening of Genomic and cDNA libraries

Genomic and cDNA libraries: Preparation and uses, Screening of libraries: Colony hybridization and colony PCR, Chromosome walking and chromosome jumping

Applications of Recombinant DNA Technology.

Products of recombinant DNA technology: Products of human therapeutic interest - insulin, hGH, antisense molecules. Bt transgenic - cotton, brinjal, Gene therapy, recombinant vaccines, protein engineering and site directed mutagensis

# SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Brown TA. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis. 6th edition. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford,
- 3. Clark DP and Pazdernik NJ. (2009). Biotechnology: Applying the Genetic Revolution. Elsevier Academic
- 4. Primrose SB and Twyman RM. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th edition. Blackwell
- 5. Sambrook J and Russell D. (2001). Molecular Cloning-A Laboratory Manual. 3rd edition. Cold Spring Harbor
- 6. Wiley JM, Sherwood LM and Woolverton CJ. (2008). Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. McGraw Hill Higher Education I/c. Registrar
- 7. Brown TA. (2007). Genomes-3. Garland Science Publishers 8. Primrose SB and Twyman RM. (2008). Genomics: Applications in human biology: Blackwell Publishing,
- North Gujarat University

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Oxford, U.K.

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# B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN) - Proposed curriculum

# Semester-6

TOTAL HOURS: 60

# SEMESTER -6 (PRACTICALS)

# MICROBIAL GENETICS

- 1. Replica Plates & Gradient Plate-Spontaneous mutation
- 2. Study the effect of UV on bacterial cells Lac Mutant
- 3. Study of Petite mutant
- 4. Study survival curve of bacteria after exposure to ultraviolet (UV) light
- 5. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- 6. Demonstration of Bacterial Conjugation
- 7. Demonstration of bacterial transformation and transduction
- 8. Demonstration of AMES test

# MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY (

- . 9. Identify bacteria (any three of E. coli, Enterobacter, Proteus, Salmonella, Pseudomonas, Staphylococcus, Bacillus) using laboratory strains on the basis of cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics: IMViC, TSI, nitrate reduction, urease production and catalase tests
  - 10. Study of composition and use of important differential media for identification of bacteria: EMB Agar, McConkey agar, Mannitol salt agar, Deoxycholate citrate agar, TCBS
  - 11. Study of bacterial flora of skin by swab method
  - 12. Perform antibacterial sensitivity by Kirby-Bauer method
  - 13. Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic.
  - 14. Study symptoms of the diseases with the help of photographs: Polio, anthrax, herpes, chicken pox, HPV warts,
    - AIDS (candidiasis), dermatomycoses (ring worms) -Poster Presentation

# INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

- 15. Microbial fermentations for the production and estimation (qualitative and quantitative) of: Ethanol & Amylase
- 16. Sterility testing
- 17. Antibiogram
- 18. Bioassay.
- 19. visit to any educational institute/industry to see an industrial fermenter, and other downstream processing operations. (Submission of visit Report)



**CREDITS: 6** 

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# B.Sc. Microbiology (CBCS PATTERN) - Proposed curriculum

# Semester-6

# MB-ES-601: BIOINFORMATICS (THEORY)

# **TOTAL HOURS: 60**

**CREDITS: 2** 

Unit 1

No. of Hours: 15

No. of Hours: 15

- A. Introduction to Bioinformatics, Aim, Tools, & Scope of Bioinformatics, Area of Bioinformatics,
- B. Introduction to Bioinformatics and Biological Databases

Biological databases - nucleic acid, genome, protein sequence and structure, genc expression databases, Database of metabolic pathways, Mode of data storage - File formats - FASTA, Genbank and Uniprot, Data submission & retrieval from NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ, Uniprot, PDB

# Unit 2

A. Sequence Alignments,

Local and Global Sequence alignment, pairwise and multiple sequence alignment. phylogenetic analysis using clustalW.

B. Protein Structure Predictions : Hierarchy of protein structure - primary, secondary and tertiary structures, modeling Structural Classes, Motifs, Folds and Domains Protein structure prediction in presence and absence of structure template Energy minimizations and evaluation by Ramachandran plot Protein structure and rational drug design

# SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Saxena Sanjay (2003) A First Course in Computers, Vikas Publishing House
- 2. Pradeep and Sinha Preeti (2007) Foundations of Computing, 4th ed., BPB Publications
- 3. Lesk M.A.(2008) Introduction to Bioinformatics . Oxford Publication, 3rd International Student Edition
- 4. Rastogi S.C., Mendiratta N. and Rastogi P. (2007) Bioinformatics: methods and applications, genomics, proteomics
- and drug discovery, 2nd ed. Prentice Hall India Publication
- 5. Primrose and Twyman (2003) Principles of Genome Analysis & Genomics. Blackwell



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